

## DATA SET DESCRIPTION

### *Annual grids of number of days with precipitation $\geq 10$ mm over Germany*

#### Version v1.0

**Cite data set as:** DWD Climate Data Center (CDC): Annual grids of number of days with precipitation  $\geq 10$  mm over Germany, version v1.0.

#### INTENT OF THE DATASET

This describes the freely available data of the DWD Climate Data Center. Grids are derived from DWD stations and legally and qualitatively equivalent partner stations in Germany run for climatological and climate related applications, considering the height dependencies.

#### POINT OF CONTACT

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#### DATA DESCRIPTION

<b>Spatial coverage</b>	Germany
<b>Temporal coverage</b>	01.01.1951 - last year
<b>Spatial resolution</b>	1 km x 1 km
<b>Temporal resolution</b>	annual
<b>Projection</b>	3-degree Gauss-Kruger zone 3, Ellipsoid Bessel, Datum Potsdam (central point Rauenberg), EPSG:31467, see <a href="http://spatialreference.org/ref/epsg/31467/">http://spatialreference.org/ref/epsg/31467/</a> . To define the spatial projection in GIS, the file <a href="https://opendata.dwd.de/climate_environment/CDC/help/gk3.prj">https://opendata.dwd.de/climate_environment/CDC/help/gk3.prj</a> can be used. Help is given on importing into ESRI ArcGIS in <a href="https://opendata.dwd.de/climate_environment/CDC/help/Hilfe_Gauss-Krueger-Raster2GIS.pdf">https://opendata.dwd.de/climate_environment/CDC/help/Hilfe_Gauss-Krueger-Raster2GIS.pdf</a> .
<b>Format(s)</b>	The file in ESRI-ascii-grid-format has in the header the coordinates for the lower left grid cell, including the definition of its center [XLLCENTER],[YLLCENTER] or its corner [XLLCORNER],[YLLCORNER]. It contains a table of 654 x 866 numbers. Each row goes from West to East. The first row is the northernmost one (654 values with 4 digits). Missing values are marked with -999.
<b>Parameters</b>	Number of days with precipitation $\geq 10$ mm.
<b>Uncertainties</b>	Uncertainties are caused by the interpolation method, and erroneous or missing observations. When comparing grid fields for different years, it should be considered that the measurement network has changed over time.

#### DATA ORIGIN

The grids are based on the DWD station data [Kaspar et al., 2013]. The gridding method employs height regression and Inverse Distance Weight (IDW), see Müller-Westermeier, 1995: The station density allows for a linear regression between topographic height and climatological parameters within a region, and varies somewhat between the regions in Germany [Maier und Müller-Westermeier, 2010]. Regionally varying regression coefficients were used to transform the station observations to the respective values at the reference height. In case several stations refer to the same grid cell, the mean of the respective values is taken. In a second step, the values at reference height were interpolated horizontally (weighted with the inverse square distance) to produce a grid. Finally, the values at reference height are transformed back to values corresponding to the topographic elevation using again the spatially variable regression function. This is done with the DWD digital topographic height model.

## **VALIDATION AND UNCERTAINTY ESTIMATE**

The given resolution of 1 km x 1 km is the resolution of the employed digital height model. The gridded data miss processes relevant for local climate (like urban heat island or cold air pools) which are not covered by observations of the station network or cannot be reproduced by the gridding method explained above. The actual information density depends on the station network.

## **REFERENCES**

Kaspar et al.: Monitoring of climate change in Germany – data, products and services of Germany’s National Climate Data Centre. Adv. Sci. Res., 10, 99–106, 2013.

Maier, U. und Müller-Westermeier, G.: Verifikation klimatologischer Rasterfelder, Berichte des Deutschen Wetterdienstes 235, Selbstverlag des Deutschen Wetterdienstes, Offenbach am Main, 2010.

Müller-Westermeier, G., Walter, A., Dittmann, E.: Klimaatlas Bundesrepublik Deutschland, Teil 1-4, Selbstverlag des Deutschen Wetterdienstes, Offenbach am Main, 2005.

Müller-Westermeier, G.: Numerische Verfahren zur Erstellung klimatologischer Karten, Berichte des Deutschen Wetterdienstes 193, Selbstverlag des Deutschen Wetterdienstes, Offenbach am Main, 1995.

WMO No 49, Technical Regulations, Basic Documents No. 2, Volume I, General Meteorological Standards and Recommended Practices, ISBN 978-92-63-10049-8, 2011 edition, updated in 2012.

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## **REVISION HISTORY**

This document is maintained by DWD division National Climate Monitoring, last edited 18.12.2018.