

## DATASET DESCRIPTION

# Copy of record Daily station observations of solar incoming (total/diffuse) and longwave downward radiation for Germany

Version: v24.3

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Cite data set as: Copy of record Daily station observations of solar incoming (total/diffuse) and longwave downward radiation

for Germany, Version v24.3

Dataset-ID: urn:wmo:md:de-dwd-cdc:obsgermany-climate-daily-solar

https://opendata.dwd.de/climate\_environment/CDC/observations\_germany/climate/daily/solar/ Dataset-URL:

### **ABSTRACT**

These data originate from the stations of the DWD and legally as well as qualitatively equal partner network stations. Extensive station metadata, such as station relocations, instrument changes, reference time changes, algorithm changes or operator information are included.

### POINT OF CONTACT

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### **DATASET DESCRIPTION**

diffuse radiation, global radiation, , sunshine duration Parameter

Unit(s) hours, J/cm<sup>2</sup> Statistical processing daily sum

Temporal coverage 1937-01-01 -- ...

Spatial coverage stations in Germany Projection WGS 84 (EPSG:4326)

Format description obsgermany-climate-daily-solar:

A zip archive is provided for each station in the solar/ directory.

This zip archive contains the data and meta-informations of the station, instruments and algorithms.

The naming schema of the zip-archives is: tageswerte\_{product\_code}\_{station\_id}\_row.zip

#### application schema

csv dialect description

delimiter	line terminator	header	quote char
;	\\r\\n	true	\"

csv content description

column name	description	uom	type	format
STATIONS_ID	DWD Station ID		NUMBER	
MESS_DATUM	reference date for the measurement		NUMBER	YYYYMMDD
QN_592	the code of the quality level reflects the quality control procedure applied for the data		VARCHAR2	numerical code
ATMO_STRAHL	longwave downward radiation	J /cm^2	NUMBER	99999999990
FD_STRAHL	daily sum of diffuse solar radiation	J /cm^2	NUMBER	99999999990
FG_STRAHL	daily sum of solar incoming radiation	J /cm^2	NUMBER	99999999990
SD_STRAHL	daily sum of sunshine duration	h	NUMBER	9990

#### **Quality Information**

The QUALITAETS\_NIVEAU (QN) shows the quality control procedure applied for a data report (of several parameters) for a certain reporting time.

Data before and including 1980 can reach as best quality check level QN=5. Data after 1980 can reach QN=10 as best quality check level.

QN = 1 · only formal control·

QN = 2 : controlled with individually defined criteria;

QN = 3: automatic control and correction; QN = 5 : historic, subjective procedures;

QN = 7: second control done, before correction;

QN = 8 : quality control outside ROUTINE;

QN = 9: not all parameters corrected; QN = 10: quality control finished, all corrections finished.

The QUALITAETS\_BYTE (QB) denotes whether the value was objected to and/or corrected.

QB = 0 : denotes not flagged,

QB = 1: had no objections (either checked and not objected, or not checked and not objected, this can be interpreted only when considering QN);

QB = 2 : corrected;

QB = 3: confirmed with objection rejected;

QB = 4 : added or calculated;

QB = 5: objected;

QB = 6 : only formally checked; QB = 7 : formal objection;

QB = -999 : quality flag does not exist.

## **DATA ORIGIN**

The data are taken from the station measuring networks of Deutscher Wetterdienst as well as its predecessor organisations.

The dataset is regularly updated with recent as well as with recovered historical data.

From 1997 onwards, the data have been imported operationally into the central specialist database and archived, see Behrendt et al., 2011, and Kaspar et al., 2013.

Note that when going back to historical times, guidelines on observation procedure, instruments and observation times were issued by the authority in charge (see, e.g., Freydank, 2014), and might be incompletely recorded in the metadata.

As explained in Kaspar et al., 2013 in the early years numerous meteorological agencies were active in the area of todays Germany. After

establishment of the der International Meteorological Organization (IMO) in 1873, the various standards were gradually harmonized, resulting in a single standard 1936.

After 1945, the standards in East and West Germany developed differently, and were harmonized again after re-unification in 1990. Between the end of the nineties and 2009 many stations were changed from manual to automated.

## **VALIDATION AND UNCERTAINTY ESTIMATE**

Considerations of quality assurance are explained in Becker and Behrens, 2012, see also Long und Dutton, 2002: several steps of quality control, including automatic tests for completeness, temporal and internal consistency, and against statistical thresholds based on the software QualiMet (see Spengler, 2002) and manual inspection had been applied.

Data are provided "as observed", no homogenization has been carried out. The history of instrumental design, observation practice, and possibly changing representativity has to be considered for the individual stations when interpreting changes in the statistical properties of the time series. It is strongly suggested to investigate the records of the station history which are provided together with the data. Note that in the 1990s many stations had the transition from manual to automated stations, entailing possible changes in certain statistical properties.

### **UNCERTAINTIES**

The stations are nowadays selected and operated according to WMO guidelines. Though these guidelines aim at minimizing possible local effects, still some applications of certain parameters may require the consideration of local and regional effects. Note that when going back to historical times, such guidelines might not have been in place. Depending on the application, local, regional and influences changing with time should be considered, which can be location- and parameter specific. Sources of long-term uncertainty are (1) changes in station height when station was re-located, information on this is within the station's zip-files in Metadaten\_Geographie\*; (2) changes in the observation times and (3) changes in the averaging interval. Details on (2) and (3) can be found in the stationwise zipped Metadaten\_Parameter\*. Uncertainties are also expected from (4) changes in instrumentation, see Metadaten\_Geraete\* and possibly also from (5) varying quality control procedures (Behrendt et al., 2011). Further, uncertainties are known to come from (6) errors during data transfer or errors in the software, (7) change of observing personnel, and (8) others, see Freydank, 2014.

### **CONSIDERATIONS FOR APPLICATIONS**

When investigating long term changes or trends, consider changes in station location, changes in instrumentation, measurement procedures and observation intervals - see the various metadata information provided Metadaten\_Parameter\*, Metadaten\_Geraete\* und Metadaten\_Geographie\*. Starting in the nineties, the metadata are electronically recorded and provided together with the station measurements. For the time before, efforts are continuing to digitize the most relevant metadata based on the paper records however, many gaps are still remaining. For detailed studies, DWD can grant access to the station records.

### **ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

There are still issues to be discovered in the historical data. We welcome any hints to improve the data basis (see contact).

### **LITERATURE**

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### **REVISION HISTORY**

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